

# PART 8 INDOOR CYCLING – CYCLE BALL

## Amendments to regulations as from 01.01.2018

Updated 12 October 2017

### Chapter I TECHNICAL CONDITIONS

#### § 2 Jury

- 8.1.005** The linesmen have the task of following the entire game. They are positioned on the elongated goal line diagonal opposite the coaching zone. (See match field plan). They shall inform the commissaire and make observations by raising their hand.

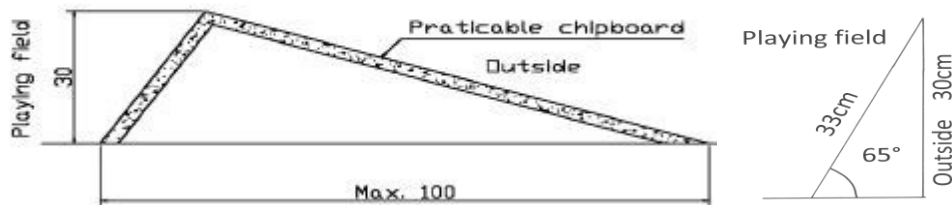
*Commissaire and linesmen assure communication and use, if necessary, hand signs.*

The commissaire may consult the linesman.

*(text modified on 1.01.18)*

#### § 4 Match field boarding

- 8.1.013** The boarding must have the following dimensions: Height 0.30 meters, angle towards horizontal surface  $65^\circ$  to  $70^\circ$  (see sketch below). The upper edge must be rounded and free of burrs.



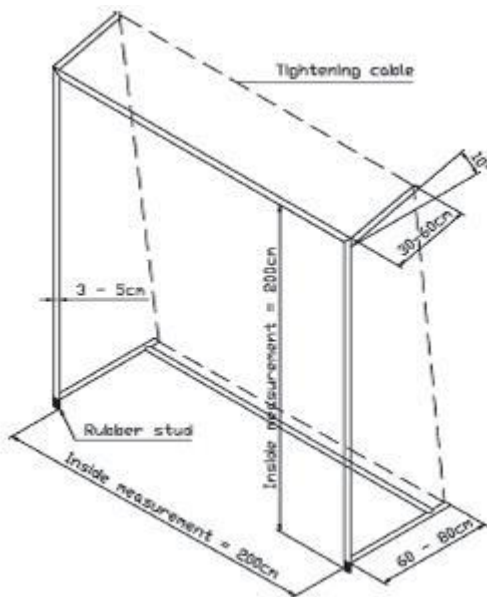
*(text modified on 1.01.18)*

#### § 6 Goals

- 8.1.022** Cycle-ball goal

*The internal measurements must be 2x2 metres. The diameter of the tubes must be between 3 and 5 cm. The fixing of the net must be constructed in a way that no injuries occur.*

*The following sketch serves as an example.*



(text modified on 1.01.18)

## Chapter II GAME RULES

### § 1 General rules

- 8.2.002** The players may drive the ball into the opponent goal by knocking the ball with the bicycles. **One hand must be on the handlebars and one foot on the bicycle pedal. If such is not the case the goal is not valid and the action cannot lead to a penalty or a corner.** The game must continue with an out ball from the right corner marking. A ball which rebounds from a bicycle or the body of a player shall be considered as a valid kick. Headers are allowed.

(text modified on 1.01.18)

- 8.2.006** ~~If a ball is stuck to the bicycles or to a player, the player shall be obliged to release the ball. If necessary this may be done by hand. No advantage may be gained from releasing the ball by e.g. passing or making a pass by hand. If the player gains an advantage by releasing the ball it shall be considered as a breach of the rules.~~

If the ball is stuck to the bicycle or to the body of a player, this causes a neutral ball.

(text modified on 1.01.18)

### § 4 Interruption / Whistling signal / Neutral ball

- 8.2.016** The commissaire must interrupt the game in the event of:
- Any breach of the rules.
  - The ball leaving the match field.
  - A goal.
  - The ball hitting the ceiling.

The commissaire must interrupt the game and stop the time by giving a hand sign (According to picture no 6) and ~~3-shorts a whistle~~ in the event of:

- A player, the jury or other persons have to be verbally notified.
- The score or time is not clear.
- A player is injured or an injury is suspected.
- Official warnings
- Disqualification.
- The match field being not set up properly or in line with the rules.

*(text modified on 1.01.18)*

## § 5 Advantage rule

- 8.2.019** Since a player who commits an offence should never gain an advantage from the situation; the commissaire may decide not to interrupt the game and to give the advantage to the ~~offending non-offending~~ team although the other team has committed an offence.

If advantage is given, the commissaire shall give a signal by showing the direction of the game (~~see picture 4~~) and to say "Go on" (see picture number 2).

~~Once advantage is given it cannot be withdrawn.~~

If the advantage is lost during the same game situation, the commissaire may decide to withdraw the advantage by interrupting the game in favour of the team which is not at fault.

*(text modified on 1.01.18)*

## § 6 Riding behind goal line / Permission to participate the game

- 8.2.022** If a player who is not allowed to participate in the game disrupts the game by lying down or standing ~~around too long~~, or by covering or holding his opponent or touching the ball with the intention of disadvantaging his opponent, the player shall be penalized with a free kick.

*(text modified on 1.01.18)*

## § 7 Scoring a goal

- ~~**8.2.029** If a goal is prevented by an offence against the rules by the opponent or because of other circumstances it shall not be recognized as a valid goal.~~

~~If any offence against the rules prevented the goal, a free kick or a penalty (if the offence happens in the penalty area) shall be given.~~

[article abrogated on 1.01.18]

## § 15 Complaints / Improper behaviour / Unsporting behaviour

**8.2.063** In the event of improper behaviour of a player or team, the commissaire **may sanction the concerned party by ~~warn the concerned party~~ a verbal warning** or a yellow card.

Improper behavior shall include cases when:

- One player or more players repeatedly criticizes a decision taken by the commissaire.
- A player seeks to argue with his opponent, partner, the tournament jury and/or spectators.
- Repeated unjustified protest by raising one hand.
- Repeated on purpose violations of the rules.
- Quitting the game or leaving the match field without justified reason.

*(text modified on 1.01.18)*

**8.2.064** ~~Should the coach or supporters of a team repeatedly disrupt the progress of a match or repeatedly criticize the commissaire to gain an advantage for their team and disadvantage the opponent, the commissaire is entitled to interrupt the game, stop the time and reprimand the concerned person(s).~~

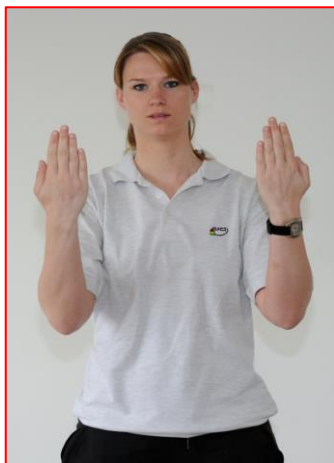
~~The commissaire is also entitled to remove an interfering coach or person(s) from the contest hall for the duration of this game.~~

~~Should the coach of a team repeatedly disrupt the progress of a match or repeatedly criticize a commissaire, the commissaire may sanction the coach with a yellow or red card. In the case of a red card, the coach must leave the hall.~~

*(text modified on 1.01.18)*

## § 5 Reclamations

**Handsigns Commissaire:** picture 3 and all references to it shall be abrogated.  
Picture 3 – Distance



*(text modified on 1.01.18)*